



SYLLABUS FOR CHEM 326 ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY II

I. <u>CATALOG DESCRIPTION</u>

COURSE TITLE:

CHEM 326 Analytical Chemistry II

NUMBER OF CREDITS:

4cr (3c-11-4cr)

PREREQUISITES:

CHEM 325 and 341

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

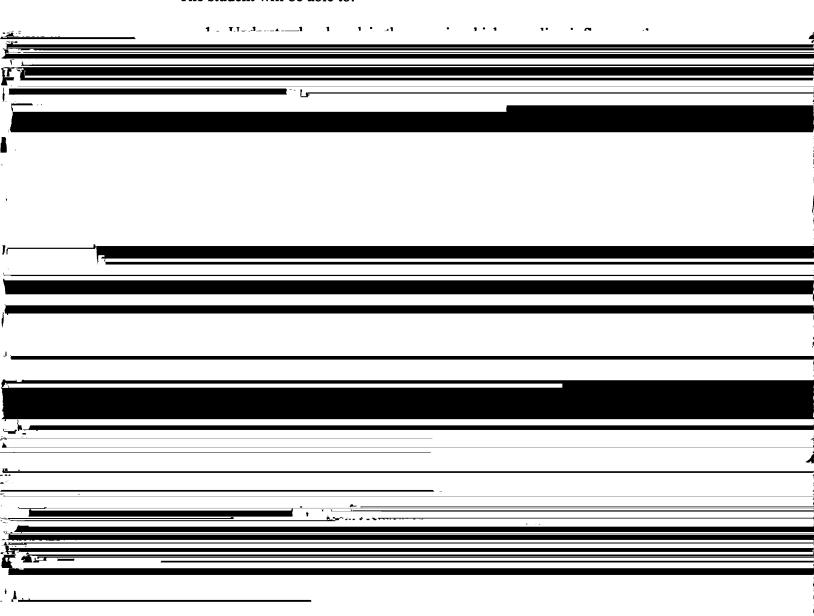
A more detailed examination of the

principles of analytical chemistry. Student learns theoretical and practical aspects of sampling, data acquisition, spectroscopic, electrochemical, chromatographic, thermal, mass spectrometric, and affinity methods of

analysis.

IL COURSE OUTCOMES

The student will be able to:



III. DETAILED COURSE OUTLINE

LECTURE

The lecture portion of Analytical Chemistry II course is taught in a single lecture section. The laboratory portion is taught in small sections, all sections doing the same experiments. The topics are listed below. Four hours are allotted for exams. Each hour represents one academic hour, or 50 minutes.

1.	Principles of sampling Representative samples from real materials; minimum	2 hours

Concept of data domain; impedance matching; an introduction to operational amplifiers

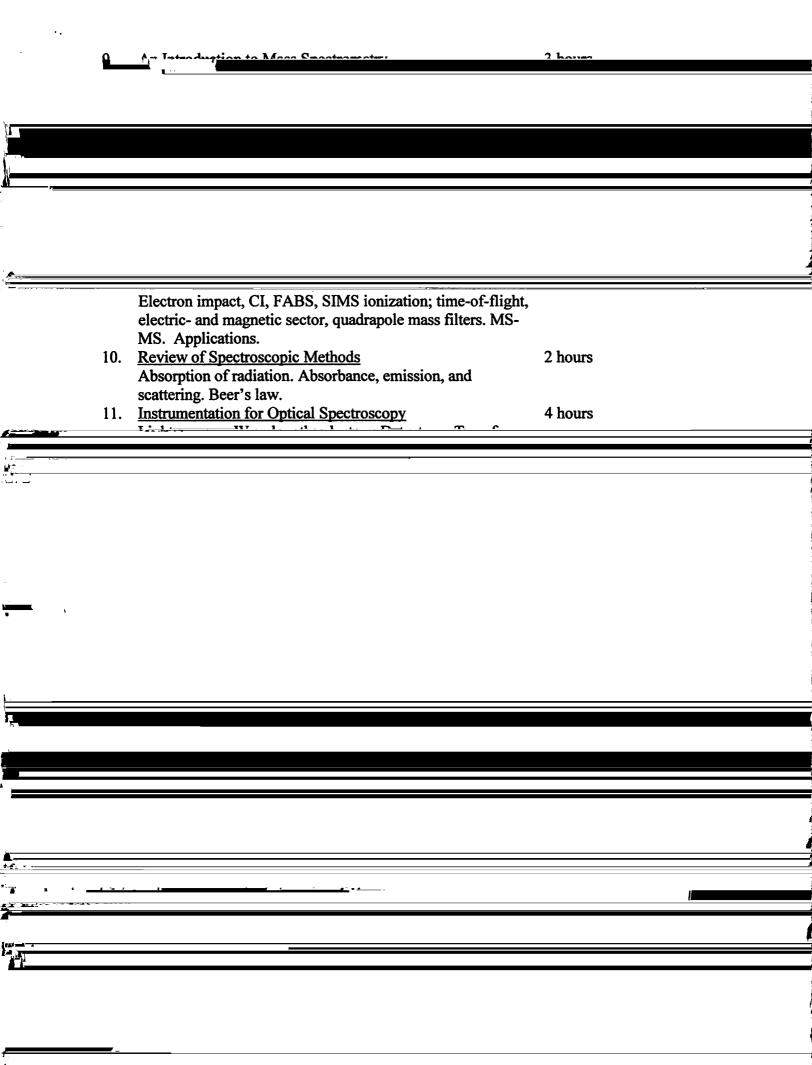
- 3. <u>Signals, noise, and data acquisition</u>
 Signal/noise ratio and detection limit. Fourier transforms, power spectra and information content. Nyquist theorem. Jitter, latency, and digital capture of analog data.
- 4. Review of equilibrium concepts
 Relationships of K, ΔG° , E^{o} and E. Activities, activity coefficients, formal potentials, Debye-Huckel theory.
- 5 An introduction to analytical electrochemistry
 Overview of electrochemical methods: bulk methods
 versus interfacial methods. The classes of interfacial

 methods: static (i = Ω) versus dynamic (i + Ω) interfacial

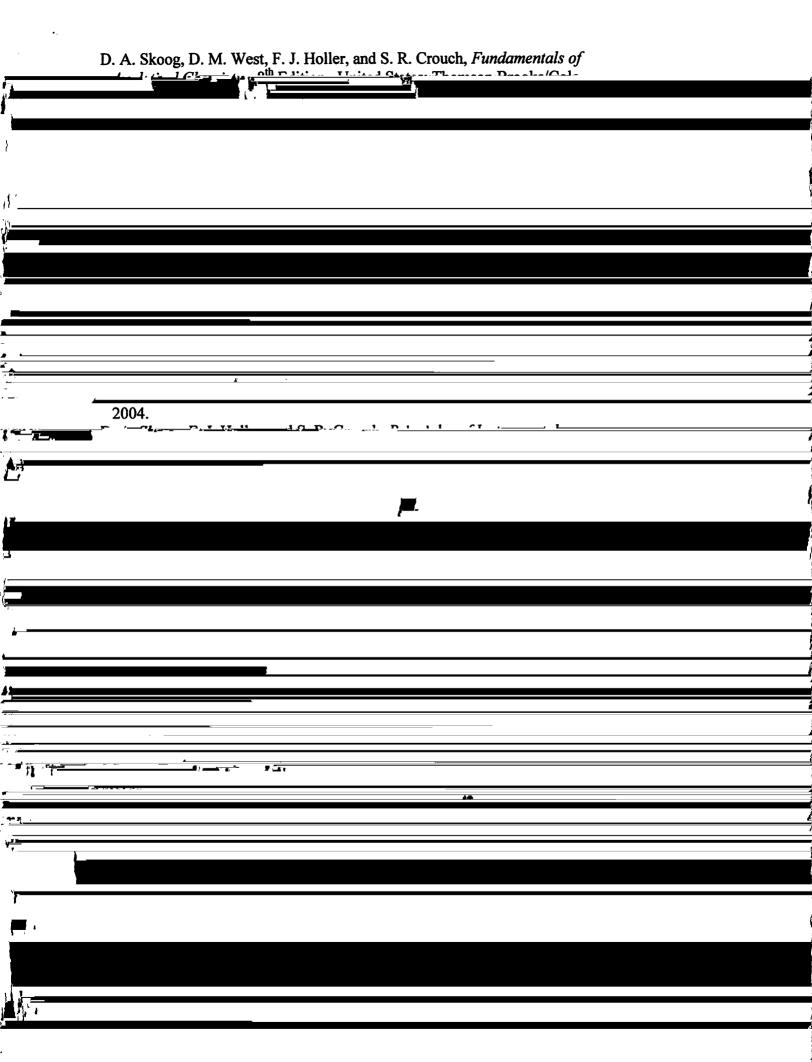
1 ½ hours

2 hours

1 hours



	10. ICP-OES e.g., Determination of Metals in Aqueous Environmental Samples 11_VOLTAMMETRY e.gStripping Voltammetry
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IV.	A total of twelve experiments will be performed, one per weekly class meeting. The first week is dedicated to laboratory safety/check-in, and the last week to check-out. EVALUATION METHODS
	The specific evaluation methods for the course will be determined by the instructor. Typically, this might include weekly lecture quizzes, three to four lecture exams, four lab quizzes, 11-12 lab reports, and a comprehensive final
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	I Wang Analytical Flactrochemistry New York John Wiley & Sons 2006
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	Analytical Separations
	C. E. Meloan, Chemical Separations: Principles, Techniques, and
	Experiments. New York: John Wilev & Sons. 1999.
	Miscellaneous Fig. 1: Long Constitution of Annalysis and Chamilton Name Visit Value Miscellaneous
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Wiley & Sons, 2007.

Periodicals:
American Laboratory The Analyst Analytical Chemistry

